

**Proves d'accés a cicles formatius de grau superior de formació professional inicial,  
d'ensenyaments d'arts plàstiques i disseny, i d'ensenyaments esportius 2012**

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## **Llengua estrangera: anglès**

### **Sèrie 2**

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#### **Dades de la persona aspirant**

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**Cognoms i nom**

**DNI**

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#### **Qualificació**

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#### **INSTRUCCIONS**

Contesteu els exercicis en el mateix full d'enunciats, llevat de l'exercici D, que s'ha de contestar en el quadern de respostes. (En cap cas no es corregiran les respostes escrites en un lloc diferent del que s'ha indicat.)



- A. Read the text below and choose the correct answer. Write your answers on THIS sheet of paper.

[1.25 marks: 0.25 for each correct answer]

### HUMAN TRAFFICKING INCREASING IN HORN OF AFRICA

Women and children, escaping drought and conflict in Somalia, are trafficked into Kenya and sold into prostitution or forced labour.

Amina Shakir (not her real name) left Somalia for a better life in Kenya. But she did so illegally, placing her life in the hands of a criminal **network** headed by Mukhalis, or agents in Swahili. In the end they “sold” her into employment after arriving in Kenya.

But Shakir is not the only one. Natural disasters, armed conflict and famine devastating the Horn of Africa have caused an increase in human smuggling<sup>1</sup> and trafficking in the region.

Shakir’s journey took her from Somalia to the capital of Kenya, Nairobi. She and several other girls made the over 1,000-kilometre journey in a truck under the guard of five men. “I was not alone” Shakir said. “Other girls were in the truck, one man was also there. They said we would be **safe** till we got to our destination.” But when she arrived, she was sold. She now works as a shop attendant for her “buyer”.

Womankind Kenya, an NGO<sup>2</sup> based in Kenya’s North Eastern Province, estimates that 50 young girls are trafficked to Nairobi each week. Vehicles that transport *miraa* [a narcotic] from Kenya to Somalia return with girls and women who end up in Nairobi or who are sent to destinations outside Kenya.

The International Organisation for Migration estimates that over 10,000 people are trafficked into Kenya’s Coast province each year. It says trafficked children from Rwanda, Tanzania, Ethiopia, Somalia and Uganda work as domestic labourers, sex workers and cattle herders.<sup>3</sup> “On 28 September 2011 there were more than 452,000 refugees, mostly Somalis, at Dadaab camp. The **huge** influx of refugees has complicated the movement of people in the region and has increased the probability that people are exploited in other forms.

However, Kenya’s secretary for immigration, Emmanuel Kisombe, says Kenya has effective legislation to curb trafficking. “Under the law, trafficking in persons is now criminal and people accused of this offence face a 30-year prison term and a fine of over \$300,000”, says Kisombe.

Based on an extract from *The Guardian Online* (4 November 2011)

1. *smuggling*: contraband.
2. *NGO*: organització no governamental.
3. *herders*: pastors.

1. Amina Shakir
  - a) was the victim of a criminal network.
  - b) left Somalia because she was living illegally there.
  - c) is a member of a criminal network.
2. Amina Shakir travelled to Kenya
  - a) in one day.
  - b) with only five men.
  - c) in a journey lasting more than 1,000 km.

3. According to Womankind Kenya women
  - a)* are trafficked in exchange of drugs.
  - b)* are carried in vehicles that also transport drugs.
  - c)* always arrive in Kenya to stay.
  
4. Trafficked children arriving in Kenya
  - a)* mostly come from the same country.
  - b)* end up working in the same job.
  - c)* will probably work in extremely hard conditions.
  
5. Kenya
  - a)* punishes trafficking.
  - b)* does not consider trafficking a crime.
  - c)* has to write laws to protect trafficked people.

**B.** Choose the correct words or definitions (*a, b, c, or d*) for the words below as they are used in the text. The words appear in **bold type** in the text. Write your answers on THIS sheet of paper.

[1.25 marks: 0.25 for each correct answer]

1. **network**

- a)* club                      *b)* association                      *c)* way of transport                      *d)* institution

2. **safe**

- a)* secure                      *b)* closed                      *c)* imprisoned                      *d)* healthy

3. **based in**

- a)* transferred in                      *b)* rented in                      *c)* founded                      *d)* located in

4. **huge**

- a)* enormous                      *b)* horrible                      *c)* considerable                      *d)* unexpected

5. **curb**

- a)* reduce                      *b)* restore                      *c)* recover                      *d)* reform

C. Read the text below and choose the correct answer. Write your answers on THIS sheet of paper.

[2.50 marks: 0.25 for each correct answer]

When he first \_\_\_(1)\_\_\_ to the United States, Nissan Krakainowsky \_\_\_(2)\_\_\_ a television show with disbelief. \_\_\_(3)\_\_\_ the program, Mr Lewis asked some teenagers whom they would love to have as parents. "Rockefeller," one ambitious boy answered, "because \_\_\_(4)\_\_\_ I'd be so rich." "Sophia Loren," said a girl dreamingly "because I'd be \_\_\_(5)\_\_\_ beautiful". They answered with assurance, giving the names of those \_\_\_(6)\_\_\_ were the celebrities of the day.

What amazed me then and \_\_\_(7)\_\_\_ amazes me now, remembers Nissan, was that none of them said their own parents. If I \_\_\_(8)\_\_\_ there, that would have been my answer for sure. I never wanted other parents. To me, mine were just perfect.

We led a simple but idyllic life in Lithuania, in a city of forty thousand Jews. My mother was a housewife, my father, a tailor. But it was what my father did after work that brought people to our home. He was an exceptional storyteller. Friends, neighbours appeared at the door, where my mother \_\_\_(9)\_\_\_ serve tea and pastries while my father told wonderful tales. I was blessed to grow \_\_\_(10)\_\_\_ with warm and loving parents.

These days ended one night in 1941 when an urgent knock on the door changed our lives forever.

Based on *Small Miracles of the Holocaust* by Yitta HALBERSTAM & Judith LEVENTHAL

- |                         |                  |                        |                   |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) emigrated         | b) has emigrated | c) had been emigrating | d) was emigrated  |
| 2. a) was being watched | b) had watched   | c) watched             | d) were watching  |
| 3. a) While             | b) During        | c) For                 | d) Meanwhile      |
| 4. a) then              | b) consequently  | c) besides             | d) although       |
| 5. a) much most         | b) lot more      | c) many more           | d) much more      |
| 6. a) whose             | b) which         | c) who                 | d) whom           |
| 7. a) just              | b) already       | c) yet                 | d) still          |
| 8. a) had been          | b) was been      | c) was being           | d) had been being |
| 9. a) used to           | b) use to        | c) used                | d) was used       |
| 10. a) into             | b) out           | c) up                  | d) through        |

D. Write 80-100 words about ONE of the following topics. Write your answer on the provided answer sheets.

[5 marks]

1. You are 14 years old and you have recently arrived in Kenya from Somalia. You are working in a shop but you don't get a salary and the conditions are very hard. Write a letter to your best friend telling him about your situation: How did you arrive? What is your boss like? Where do you live?
2. You are a journalist specialised in the Horn of Africa. You have called a representative of an NGO working in this area to ask him/her questions about the situation: Why are people from this part of Africa emigrating? What happens to them? How can the situation change or get a little better?

